	(Original Signature of Member)
117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION  H. R	•
To support the human rights of Uyghu groups residing in the Xinjiang Uy guard their distinct identity, and for	ghur Autonomous Region and safe-
IN THE HOUSE OF R	REPRESENTATIVES
Mrs. Kim of California introduced the fol Committee on	
A B	ILL
To support the human rights of	of Uyghurs and members of
other minority groups resid	ing in the Xinjiang Uyghur
Autonomous Region and safe	eguard their distinct identity,
and for other purposes.	

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Uyghur Policy Act of
- 5 2021".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:

1	(1) The People's Republic of China (PRC) con-
2	tinues to repress the distinct Islamic, Turkic identity
3	of Uyghurs and members of other minority groups
4	of the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region
5	(XUAR) in northwestern China.
6	(2) Uyghurs, and other predominantly Muslim
7	ethnic minorities living in the XUAR, have main-
8	tained throughout their history a distinct religious
9	and cultural identity.
10	(3) Human rights, including freedom of religion
11	or belief, and respect for the Uyghurs' unique Mus-
12	lim identity are legitimate interests of the inter-
13	national community, including the particular concern
14	of Islamic nations.
15	(4) The People's Republic of China has ratified
16	the International Covenant on Economic, Social, and
17	Cultural Rights and is thereby bound by its provi-
18	sions. China has also signed the International Cov-
19	enant on Civil and Political Rights. Article One of
20	both covenants state that all peoples have the right
21	to self-determination.
22	(5) An official campaign to encourage Han Chi-
23	nese migration into the XUAR has placed immense
24	pressure on those who seek to preserve the ethnic,
25	cultural, religious, and linguistic traditions of the

1	Uyghurs people. Chinese authorities have supported
2	an influx of Han Chinese economic immigrants into
3	the XUAR, implemented discrimination against
4	Uyghurs in hiring practices, and provided unequal
5	access to healthcare services.
6	(6) The authorities of the People's Republic of
7	China have manipulated the strategic objectives of
8	the international war on terror to increase their cul-
9	tural and religious oppression of the Muslim popu-
10	lation residing in the XUAR.
11	(7) Following unrest in the region, in 2014,
12	Chinese authorities launched their "Strike Hard
13	against Violent Extremism' campaign, in which du-
14	bious threats of widespread extremist activity were
15	used as justification for gross human rights viola-
16	tions committed against members of the Uyghur
17	community in the XUAR.
18	(8) Chinese authorities have made use of the
19	legal system as a tool of repression, including for the
20	imposition of arbitrary detentions and for torture
21	against members of the Uyghur and other popu-
22	lations.
23	(9) Uyghurs and Kazakhs who have secured
24	citizenship or permanent residency outside of China

1	have attested to repeated threats, harassment, and
2	surveillance by Chinese officials.
3	(10) Reporting from international news organi-
4	zations has found that over the past decade, family
5	members of Uyghurs living outside of China have
6	gone missing or been detained to force their return
7	to China or silence dissent.
8	(11) Credible evidence from human rights orga-
9	nizations, think tanks, and journalists confirms that
10	more than 1,000,000 Uyghurs and members of other
11	Muslim ethnic minority groups have been imprisoned
12	in "political reeducation" centers.
13	(12) Independent accounts from former detain-
14	ees of "political reeducation" centers describe inhu-
15	mane conditions and treatment including forced po-
16	litical indoctrination, torture, beatings, rape, forced
17	sterilization, and food deprivation. Former detainees
18	also confirmed that they were told by guards the
19	only way to secure release was to demonstrate suffi-
20	cient political loyalty.
21	(13) News surrounding the ongoing atrocities in
22	the XUAR and advocacy efforts to assist Uyghurs
23	remains muted in most Muslim majority nations
24	around the world.

1	(14) Both Secretary of State Antony Blinken
2	and Former Secretary of State Michael Pompeo
3	have stated that the Chinese government in Xinjiang
4	has committed genocide and crimes against human-
5	ity.
6	(15) Government branches of other nations
7	have also declared genocide in Xinjiang, including
8	the parliaments of the United Kingdom, Belgium,
9	Czechia, Lithuania, the Netherlands and Canada.
10	SEC. 3. DECLARATIONS OF POLICY.
11	Congress—
12	(1) calls upon the Government of the People's
13	Republic of China to open the XUAR to regular vis-
14	its by United States Members of Congress, Congres-
15	sional staff delegations, the United States Special
16	Coordinator for Uyghur Issues under section 4, and
17	members and staff of the Congressional-Executive
18	Commission on the People's Republic of China;
19	(2) calls upon the Government of the People's
20	Republic of China to recognize, and seek to ensure,
21	the distinct ethnic, cultural, religious, and linguistic
22	identity of Uyghurs and members of other groups in
23	the XUAR;
24	(3) calls upon the Government of the People's
25	Republic of China to cease all government-sponsored

1	crackdowns, imprisonments, and detentions of people
2	throughout the XUAR aimed at those involved in
3	the peaceful expression of their ethnic, cultural, po-
4	litical, or religious identity;
5	(4) commends countries that have provided
6	shelter and hospitality to Uyghurs in exile, including
7	Turkey, Albania, and Germany; and
8	(5) urges countries with sizeable Muslim popu-
9	lations, given their common religious and cultural
10	identity, to demonstrate particular concern over the
11	plight of Uyghurs.
12	SEC. 4. UNITED STATES SPECIAL COORDINATOR FOR
13	UYGHUR ISSUES.
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	uyghur issues.  (a) In General.—There is authorized to be within
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14 15	(a) In General.—There is authorized to be within the Department of State a United States Special Coordi-
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	(a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be within the Department of State a United States Special Coordinator for Uyghur Issues (in this section referred to as the
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	(a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be within the Department of State a United States Special Coordinator for Uyghur Issues (in this section referred to as the "Special Coordinator"), to be designated by the Secretary
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li><li>18</li></ul>	(a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be within the Department of State a United States Special Coordinator for Uyghur Issues (in this section referred to as the "Special Coordinator"), to be designated by the Secretary of State in accordance with subsection (b).
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14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be within the Department of State a United States Special Coordinator for Uyghur Issues (in this section referred to as the "Special Coordinator"), to be designated by the Secretary of State in accordance with subsection (b).</li> <li>(b) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary of State shall consult with the Chairs and Ranking Members of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representations.</li> </ul>

1	the distinct ethnic, cultural, religious, and linguistic iden-
2	tities of the Uyghurs.
3	(d) Duties and Responsibilities.—The Special
4	Coordinator should, as appropriate,—
5	(1) coordinate United State Government poli-
6	cies, programs, and projects concerning the
7	Uyghurs;
8	(2) vigorously promote the policy of seeking to
9	protect the distinct ethnic, religious, cultural, and
10	linguistic identity of the Uyghurs and seek improved
11	respect for human rights in the Xinjiang Uyghur
12	Autonomous Region (XUAR);
13	(3) maintain close contact with religious, cul-
14	tural, and political leaders of the Uyghurs, including
15	seeking regular travel to the XUAR and to Uyghur
16	settlements in Central Asia, Turkey, Albania, Ger-
17	many, and other parts of Europe;
18	(4) lead coordination efforts for the release of
19	political prisoners in the XUAR who are being de-
20	tained for exercising their human rights;
21	(5) consult with Congress on policies relevant to
22	the XUAR and the Uyghurs;
23	(6) coordinate with relevant Federal agencies to
24	administer aid to Uyghur rights advocates; and

1	(7) make efforts to establish contacts with for-
2	eign ministries of other countries, especially in Eu-
3	rope, Central Asia, and the Islamic world, to pursue
4	a policy of promoting greater respect for human
5	rights and religious freedom for Uyghurs and other
6	groups.
7	(e) Support.—The Secretary of State shall ensure
8	the Special Coordinator has adequate resources, staff, and
9	administrative support to carry out this section.
10	SEC. 5. PUBLIC DIPLOMACY IN THE ISLAMIC WORLD ON
11	THE UYGHUR SITUATION.
12	(a) Funding for Human Rights Advocates.—Of
13	the amounts authorized to be appropriated for the U.S.
14	Speaker Program in the Bureau of Educational and Cul-
15	tural Affairs of the Department of State, \$250,000 for
16	each of fiscal years 2022, 2023, and 2024 is authorized
17	to be available for human rights advocates on behalf of
18	the Uyghurs and members of other minority groups, whose
19	names may be provided by representatives of the global
20	Uyghur community and in consultation with the Depart-
21	ment of State and the United States Special Coordinator
22	for Uyghur Issues under section 4, to speak at public di-
23	plomacy forums in Islamic majority countries and other
24	regions on issues regarding the human rights and religious
25	freedom of Uvghurs and members of other minority

1	groups in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region
2	(XUAR).
3	(b) United States Agency for Global Media.—
4	It is the sense of Congress that the United States Agency
5	for Global Media should facilitate the unhindered dissemi-
6	nation of information to Islamic majority countries on
7	issues regarding the human rights and religious freedom
8	of Uyghurs and members of other minority groups in the
9	XUAR.
10	SEC. 6. ACCESS TO DETENTION FACILITIES AND PRISONS
11	AND THE RELEASE OF PRISONERS.
12	(a) Sense of Congress on Political Reeduca-
13	TION AND DETENTION FACILITIES.—It is the sense of
14	Congress that the United States Government should, in
15	cooperation with other like-minded countries, develop a
16	strategy to—
17	(1) pressure the People's Republic of China to
18	immediately close all detention facilities and "polit-
19	ical reeducation" camps housing Uyghurs and mem-
20	bers of other ethnic minority groups in the Xinjiang
21	Uyghur Autonomous Region (XUAR); and
22	(2) support the United Nations Commissioner
23	for Human Rights and numerous United Nations
24	Special Rapporteurs' urgent calls for immediate and
25	unhindered access to detention facilities and "polit-

1	ical reeducation" camps in the XUAR by inde-
2	pendent international organizations and the Office of
3	the United Nations High Commissioner for Human
4	Rights for a comprehensive assessment of the
5	human rights situation.
6	(b) Sense of Congress on Prison Access and
7	PRISONER RELEASE.—It is the sense of Congress that the
8	President and Secretary of State, in meetings with rep-
9	resentatives of the Government of the People's Republic
10	of China, should—
11	(1) request the immediate and unconditional re-
12	lease of all prisoners detained for their ethnic, cul-
13	tural, religious, and linguistic identities, or for ex-
14	pressing their political or religious beliefs in the
15	XUAR;
16	(2) seek access for international humanitarian
17	organizations, including the International Federation
18	of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies, to pris-
19	oners in the XUAR to ensure such prisoners are not
20	being mistreated and are receiving necessary medical
21	care;
22	(3) seek the immediate release of Ekpar Asat,
23	who participated in the Department of State's Inter-
24	national Visitors Leadership Program in 2016 and
25	incarcerated after returning to the XUAR and is

1	now serving a 15 year prison sentence on charges of
2	"inciting ethnic hatred and ethnic discrimination";
3	and
4	(4) seek the immediate release of Canadian citi-
5	zens Michael Kovrig and Michael Spavor who have
6	been imprisoned without trial since 2018.
7	SEC. 7. REQUIREMENT FOR UYGHUR LANGUAGE TRAINING.
8	The Secretary of State shall ensure that Uyghur lan-
9	guage training is available to Foreign Service officers as
10	appropriate, and that every effort is made to ensure that
11	a Uyghur-speaking member of the Foreign Service (as
12	such term is described in section 103 of the Foreign Serv-
13	ice Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3903)) is assigned to United
14	States diplomatic and consular missions in China.
15	SEC. 8. UYGHUR CONSIDERATIONS AT THE UNITED NA-
16	TIONS.
17	It is the sense of Congress that—
18	(1) the United States Government should op-
19	pose any efforts to prevent consideration of the
20	issues related to the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous
21	Region (XUAR) in any body of the United Nations;
22	(2) the United States Government should op-
23	pose any efforts to prevent the participation of any
24	Uvohur human rights advocates in nongovernmental

1	for a hosted by or otherwise organized under the aus-
2	pices of any body of the United Nations; and
3	(3) the Secretary of State should instruct the
4	United States Permanent Representative to the
5	United Nations to support the appointment of a spe-
6	cial rapporteur or working group for the XUAR for
7	the purposes of monitoring human rights violations
8	and abuses in the XUAR, and for making reports
9	available to the High Commissioner for Refugees,
10	the High Commissioner for Human Rights, the
11	Human Rights Commission, the General Assembly,
12	and other United Nations bodies.